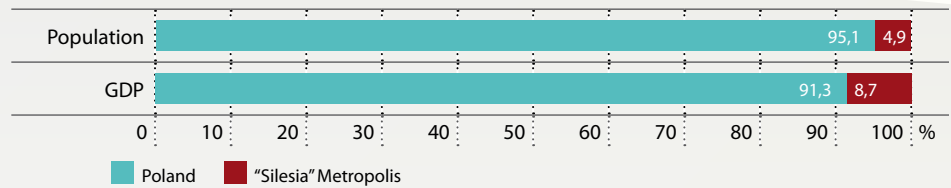


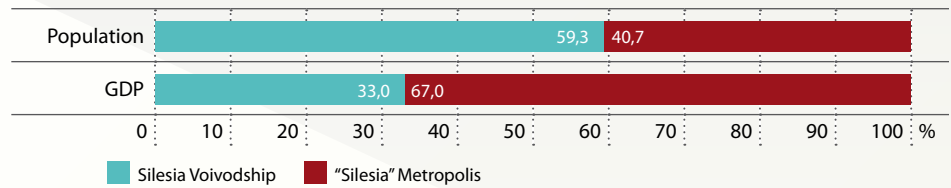


# Facts & Figures

## “Silesia” Metropolis share in GDP in Poland

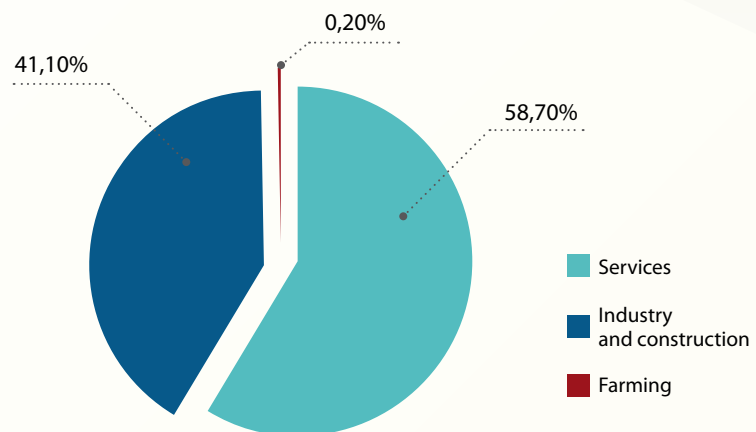


## “Silesia” Metropolis share in GDP in Silesia Voivodship



“Silesia” Metropolis produces 67% of the region’s GDP and 8,7% of national GDP.

## Share of respective branches of business in the Metropolia “Silesia” market



There are over 200,000 registered business entities in Metropolia “Silesia”. Services are the dominant branch – almost 60% of all companies.

## Katowice Special Economic Zone S.A.

Katowice Special Economic Zone S.A. (KSEZ S.A.) – consists of 4 sub zones:

- Gliwice
- Jastrzębie-Żory
- Sosnowiec-Dąbrowa G.
- Tychy

Currently KSEZ encompasses 1917 ha in 40 separate areas in 21 cities/communes.

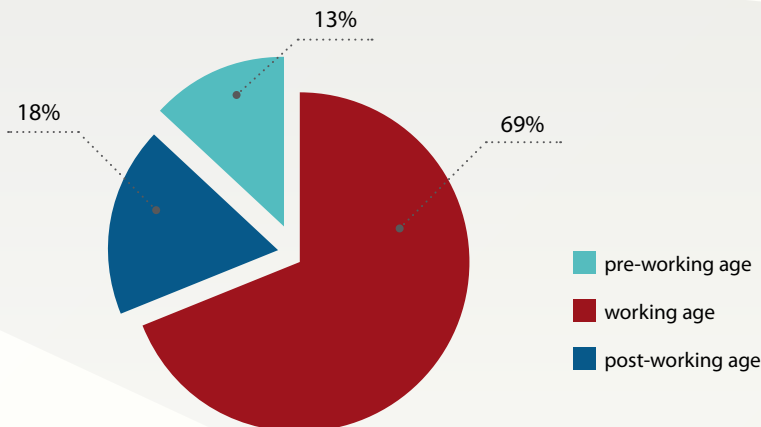
So far, the KSEZ areas have attracted 280 enterprises and 100 of them performs business activities – the remaining enterprises are at various stages of completion of their respective projects. In total, the companies have invested 4 billion EURO and employ around 37,000 workers.

Many multinational corporations and foreign companies invest in KSEZ SA. Companies such as Opel, Isuzu, Delphi or Caggemini create many new jobs. Economic development is also supported by the Katowice International Trade Fairs and Expo Silesia.



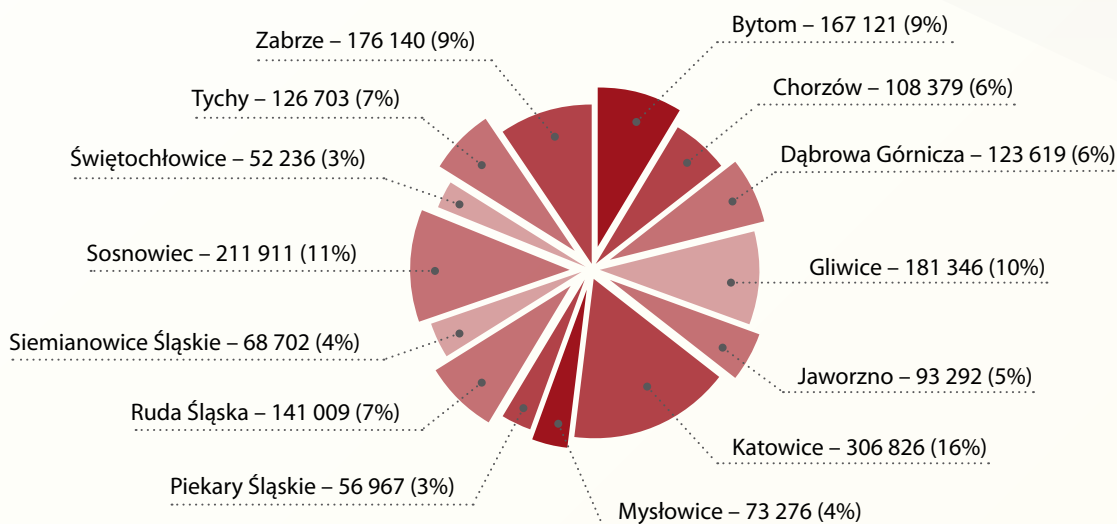
# Facts & Figures

## Population of "Silesia" Metropolis by working age



Metropolia "Silesia" is, by age groups, the „youngest” metropolis in Poland.

## Population of "Silesia" Metropolis\*



### "Silesia" Metropolis - 1 887 527

Almost 2 million people live in "Silesia" Metropolis. In terms of population, it is the largest urban area in Poland and one of the largest in Central and Eastern Europe.

## Universities in Metropolia "Silesia" in academic year 2009/2010

Students	134 916
Graduates	30 272

There are over 30 high education institutions, which educate over 130,000 students. The most important universities are Silesian University of Technology in Gliwice, University of Silesia, University of Economics in Katowice, Medical University of Silesia.

\* Source: Polish Statistical Office, data based on city declarations